Sen. Roger Sherman, Chair Sen. Thomas Martin Jr. Sen. John Patrick Rep. Joyce Maker, Chair Rep. Bernard Ayotte Rep. Margaret Rotundo

Heather Parent Stephen Cole Michael Herz Michael Hiltz Connie Jones



Wade Merritt John Palmer Linda Pistner Harry Ricker Michael Roland Jay Wadleigh Joseph Woodbury

> Staff: Lock Kiermaier

STATE OF MAINE

Citizen Trade Policy Commission

March 13, 2012

Representative Dave Camp, Chairman House Ways and Means Committee Ways and Means Committee Office 1102 Longworth House Office Building Washington D.C. 20515

Dear Chairman Camp:

The Maine Citizen Trade Policy Commission "... is established to assess and monitor the legal and economic impacts of trade agreements on state and local laws, working conditions and the business environment; to provide a mechanism for citizens and Legislators to voice their concerns and recommendations; and to make policy recommendations designed to protect Maine's jobs, business environment and laws from any negative impact of trade agreements." In seeking to fulfill its statutory mandate, the Commission voted unanimously during its meeting of March 9, 2012 to submit this letter to you and other members of the Ways and Means Committee offering our comments on President Obama's Trade Policy Agenda. In particular, we are advocating for significant changes in the process used to negotiate and accept foreign trade policy agreements such as, but not limited to, the Trans-Pacific Partnership Agreement (TPPA).

Maine has traditionally supported international trade when fair rules of trade are in place. As do other states, Maine intends to be an active participant in the global economy. From the Commission's perspective, the current process used to inform, negotiate and accept the provisions of a foreign trade treaty like the TPPA is in need of significant improvement.

Specifically, the Commission remains concerned that recent international trade agreements may have a negative impact on the State's constitutionally guaranteed

authority to protect not only the public health, safety and welfare, but also regulatory authority. The Commission believes this situation has occurred in large part because the process used to formulate United States trade policy lacks transparency, fails to properly recognize the principles of state sovereignty and is bereft of any meaningful opportunity for Congressional review and acceptance. The current process minimizes the opportunity for meaningful input and review, and the Commission suggests there should be an opportunity for process change with significant improvements in transparency and participation.

In addition, the Commission strongly supports the recently stated position of the Australian government in opposition to inclusion of investor-state dispute settlement (ISDS) clauses in the TPPA. As you know, ISDS clauses give businesses from one country the power to take international legal action against the government of another country over breaches in an international trade treaty. The practical effect of ISDS clauses is the possible abrogation of federal, state and municipal law due to certain interpretations of foreign trade treaties like the TPPA. The Commission believes that, regardless of the particular national perspective in question, that the use of ISDS clauses undermines federal, state and municipal sovereignty and should not be included in international trade treaties like the TPPA.

Please contact us with any questions that you may have regarding the Commission's position on these issues.

Sincerely,

Senator Roger L. Sherman, Chair

Styce Maker, Chair

Cc: Governor Paul R. Lepage Senator Olympia J. Snowe Senator Susan M. Collins Representative Michael H. Michaud Representative Chellie Pingree State Representative Sharon Treat